Canadian Environmental Assessment Act (CEAA)

Current Process

- Triggers to Environmental Assessment:
 - 1. Federal Money
 - 2. Federal Land
 - 3. Law List
- Kinds of Environmental Assessment:
 - 1. Screening
 - 2. Comprehensive Study
 - 3. Panel Including Federal-Provincial Joint Panels
- Content of Review: "environment" means the components of the Earth, and includes
 - a) Land, water and air, including all layers of the atmosphere,
 - b) All organic and inorganic matter and living organisms, and
 - c) The interacting natural systems that include components referred to in paragraphs (as) and (b);

2010 Amendments VIA 2010 Budget Implementation Act

Added confusion by removing all energy projects from CEAA to National Energy Board, Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission, Offshore Petroleum Boards

New Process – Less Certainty/More Confusion

- Triggers to Environmental Assessment:
 - 1. No EA Federal Money
 - 2. Federal Land but only assessing impact of federal land itself
 - 3. No Law List
- Kinds of EA:
 - 1. No More Comprehensive Study
 - 2. Screening

- 3. Environmental Assessment (Undefined) (p 93 of Budget "Standard EA")
- 4. Panel
- 5. Federal discretion to pass on reviews if substation is "appropriate"
- Content of Review:
- 5(1) For the purposes of this Act, the environmental effects that are to be taken into account in relation to an act or thing, a physical activity, a designated project or a project are
- (a) a change that may be caused to the following components of the environment that are within the legislative authority of Parliament;
 - (i) Fish as defined in section 2 of the *Fisheries Act* and fish habitat as defined in subsection 34(1) of that Act,
 - (ii) Aquatic species as defined in subsection 2(1) of the Species at Risk Act,
 - (iii) Migratory birds as defined in subsection 2(1) of the *Migratory Birds Convention Act* 1994, and
 - (iv) Any other component of the environment that is set out in Schedule 2;
- (b) a change that may be caused to the environment that would occur
 - (i) on federal lands,
 - (ii) in a province other than the one in which the act or thing is done or where the physical activity, the designated project or the project is being carried out, or
 - (iii) outside Canada; and
- (c) with respect to aboriginal peoples, an effect occurring in Canada and any change that may be caused to the environment on
 - (i) health and socio-economic conditions,
 - (ii) physical and cultural heritage,
 - (iii) the current use of lands and resources for traditional purposes, or
 - (iv) any structure, site or thing that is of historical, archaeological, paleontological or architectural significance.
- S.5(2) Sets out that wherever a federal authority must permit an activity the wider environment can be assessed but only to the extent that this specific permit granted or power exercised directly causes the impact.